

CORRECT on all occasions

RAIN

SWISS MADE

CHINA



MAIL

No. 35141

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1952.

Price 20 Cents

SKANDEX

SWEDISH MADE RECORD SYSTEMS

AT REASONABLE PRICES

HONGKONG TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE

9 D'Almeida Street Tel. 51425

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Opportunity Missed

WHILE Government's statement concerning the events leading up to last Saturday's disturbances in Kowloon is acceptable as a recital of facts, there is room for believing that if some of the information had been made available to the Press and Radio some time last week, its publication would have helped not only to prevent the politically-inspired riots, but would also have deterred sections of the Chinese community from staging their welcoming demonstration outside the Kowloon-Canton railway station. Government, for example, confesses it was aware that for a fortnight "speculative stories of various kinds appeared in the local Chinese Press, and labour and other organisations proceeded with extensive preparations to take part in a well organised welcome programme." Why then, it might be asked, were not the speculative stories set at naught by a forthright statement which made it clear to the public that no comfort mission would be permitted to enter the Colony and therefore any preparations to welcome them were a waste of time.

A publicised announcement on these lines would have erased any doubts concerning Government's policy and would have denied any valid reason either for an assembly of, or procession by, demonstrators. Instead, Government proved wise after the event and its revelations came too late to be of any practical value. Experience should have taught Government that speculative stories in the Chinese Press are apt to be accepted as fact unless they are corrected without delay. And whatever shortcomings some of the Chinese newspapers display, for the most part the vernacular press is willing to give due prominence to Government statements. This was one occasion when the hospitality of the local press generally could have been utilised to useful advantage.

French Crisis

THE inability of M. Faure to win a confidence vote in the French National Assembly on measures designed to balance the country's budget, and the failure of M. Reynaud to obtain sufficient support to form a working Cabinet suggests that the parties holding the balance of power are more interested in making political capital out of France's serious economic crisis than in trying to find a solution to the problem. The Socialists are said to have rejected M. Reynaud's leadership because he proposed incorporating the de Gaulle in his coalition Cabinet. But they also know that M. Reynaud intended to reintroduce the proposal for a 15 per cent tax increase which, in line with their decision when this was advocated by M. Faure, they would have repudiated. Eventually the National Assembly will have to face up to the necessity of approving the measures for balancing the budget, no matter how unpalatable they may be to the nation generally. The people of Britain have accepted demands for new and greater sacrifices might profitably be taken as an example by the people and politicians of France.

Formation Of New French Cabinet

Pinay's Prospects Slight

Paris, Mar. 3.

Parliamentary observers here tonight thought M. Antoine Pinay had only a small chance of rallying a workable majority unless further bad news about Franco's finances provoked a radical change in the attitude of the parties.

It was expected that the new Premier designate would give his final reply to President Auriol tomorrow.

Political sources suggested that if he failed M. Pierre Mendès-France, a former Radical Finance Minister and a supporter of an austerity programme with longer working hours and higher taxation, might be asked to form a Government.

President Auriol was reported to have asked M. Pinay to try to form a Government with the participation of Gaullists, Moderates, Conservatives, Popular Republicans and Radicals.

One theory tonight was that if the crisis continued M. Pinay might appeal to Parliament for a "political truce." He has this right under the Constitution. "This is not just another routine cabinet crisis," one qualified political source said. "There is an increasing demand for a revision of the French Parliamentary system to strengthen the position of the Government."—Reuter.

EXPERTS' PREDICTION

Paris, Mar. 3.

M. Pinay agreed today to try and put together a Conservative French Cabinet that could collect the increased taxes for both European defence and the Indo-China war.

Political experts predicted the 60-year-old businessman politician would merely go through the motions and then give up the task on Tuesday.

What may be a turn in Parliamentary opinion was indicated in an unusual statement by Deputy Francois Delcos, former Chairman of the influential Radical Socialist Party. "You cannot get a 15 per cent tax increase through Parliament," he told a reporter. "What we have to do is ask the Americans through the Atlantic Council either to give us another \$50,000,000,000 Francs (about \$750,000,000) of aid or cut our contribution to Atlantic defence to 10 divisions."

At the Lisbon meeting of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) Council France agreed to contribute 12 divisions to the projected six-nation European army under General Dwight D. Eisenhower. Originally she had been scheduled to contribute 14.

Premier Edgar Faure returned from Lisbon and told Parliament France would have to increase most taxes by 15 per cent to carry out her agreements at Lisbon. The National Assembly balked at the particular tax increases proposed by Faure, and overthrew him on Friday on a vote of no-confidence.

The result has been to cast doubt on whether the hopeful programme for Europe's defence, that was outlined at Lisbon, can be realised.

FRANC FALLS

The respected but self-effacing Pinay told newsmen (Cont'd. on Back Page Col. 1)

20 Years' Sentence For Talkative Murderer

A tall, handsome and well-dressed youth of 19, J. Strebbe, was sentenced to 20 years' hard labour here today for murdering 46-year-old Maria Peter, a newspaper seller.

Strebbe, a waiter at a luxurious hotel in Zell, confessed to the murder in court this morning and declared he had had a list of the people he intended to murder.

He had wanted to become the "great" "murderer of Zell," he said. Strebbe said he murdered Frau Peter, "to astonish people." Calmly he told the court how, after sleeping with the woman, he drank schnapp with her, borrowed a thriller novel from her, then hit her over the head with a breadboard, throttled

Alleged Rioters Call Witnesses 3 JUVENILES REMANDED

Special Precautions At Kowloon Magistracy

Special precautions were taken at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning when three juveniles and seven men, alleged to have been among the agitators in last Saturday's Nathan Road riots, appeared to answer charges.

Members of the public entering the Magistracy were submitted to a search at the main gate. Two steel-helmeted policemen stood outside the courtroom where the case against the seven men was being heard.

The three juveniles who came before Mr James Wicks for a second time since their detention were again remanded. They will appear in court tomorrow morning.

The three boys, whose ages are 12, 15 and 16, were charged with behaving in a riotous manner or provoking a breach of the peace.

The youngest of the students was represented by Mr K. W. Lui, whose application for bail was granted. The bail fixed was for \$500.

In another court seven men, who were charged yesterday, produced witnesses to give evidence on their behalf.

Two 17-year-old students gave evidence for the first defendant, Lam Fai-chung, their former school mate. They testified that Lam did not incite the crowd to scone the Mongkok Police Station.

Chau Chung-lin, of the Tak Ming School in Sai Yee Street, said he met Lam by accident in Prince Edward Road just after 5.40 p.m. last Saturday and they walked along the Nathan Road with four other school mates. When they came to Mongkok Police Station, two constables came out and arrested Lam. The other students tried to find out the reason for Lam's arrest but the Police did not reveal the cause.

Chau said that he intended to let Lam's family know of his arrest, but he forgot the address. He telephoned to the Tak Ming School where Lam was studying, but no one answered his call. He added that his party did not talk at all when they were passing the Police Station.

NO DISTURBANCE

Questioned by the Court, Chau said that when he went into Nathan Road, there was no disturbance. A number of Police cars were travelling to and fro, and he saw a large number of people, but he heard no noise. There was no big gathering round the Police Station. The windows of the Station were already broken.

The Magistrate: "As a peaceful citizen, would it not have been better for you to get away instead of going where there was a crowd?"

Chau: "We were on our way home."

You could have got home without walking anywhere near Nathan Road—I generally walked in straight main road. I never choose to walk in side streets.

Are you ashamed of people in Shanghai Street?—I am not.

ashamed of them. But it never occurred to me at that time which was the shorter way back home.

Chau continued to say that the crowd was not dispersed by the Police. There were people walking in the street, of course, but most of them just stood there.

Asked whether he was saying that it was a perfectly peaceful Saturday afternoon except for the windows of the Police Station being broken, Chau said that as he was walking down Nathan Road he heard people say that a Police van had been burned and therefore he thought something had happened. The crowd near Mongkok Police Station was perfectly quiet but the Police were not doing anything to disperse them.

DID NOT STOP

Asked how he thought the windows got broken, Chau said: "I only heard later that the Comfort Mission was not allowed to enter and a conflict occurred." Chau maintained that he and his school mates were walking on the road all along, going through the crowd and they did not stop outside the Police Station.

The second student was Yu Siu-chik of La Salle College. He said he was with several friends including Chau, when they met Lam about 5.50 p.m. in the neighbourhood of Prince Edward Road. They were walking on the pavement and just as they were about to stop (Cont'd. on back page Col. 5)

STOP PRESS

Prison For Rioters

All the seven defendants accused of disorderly conduct with intent to provoke a breach of the peace, were found guilty of their charge by Mr Wicks at Kowloon this morning.

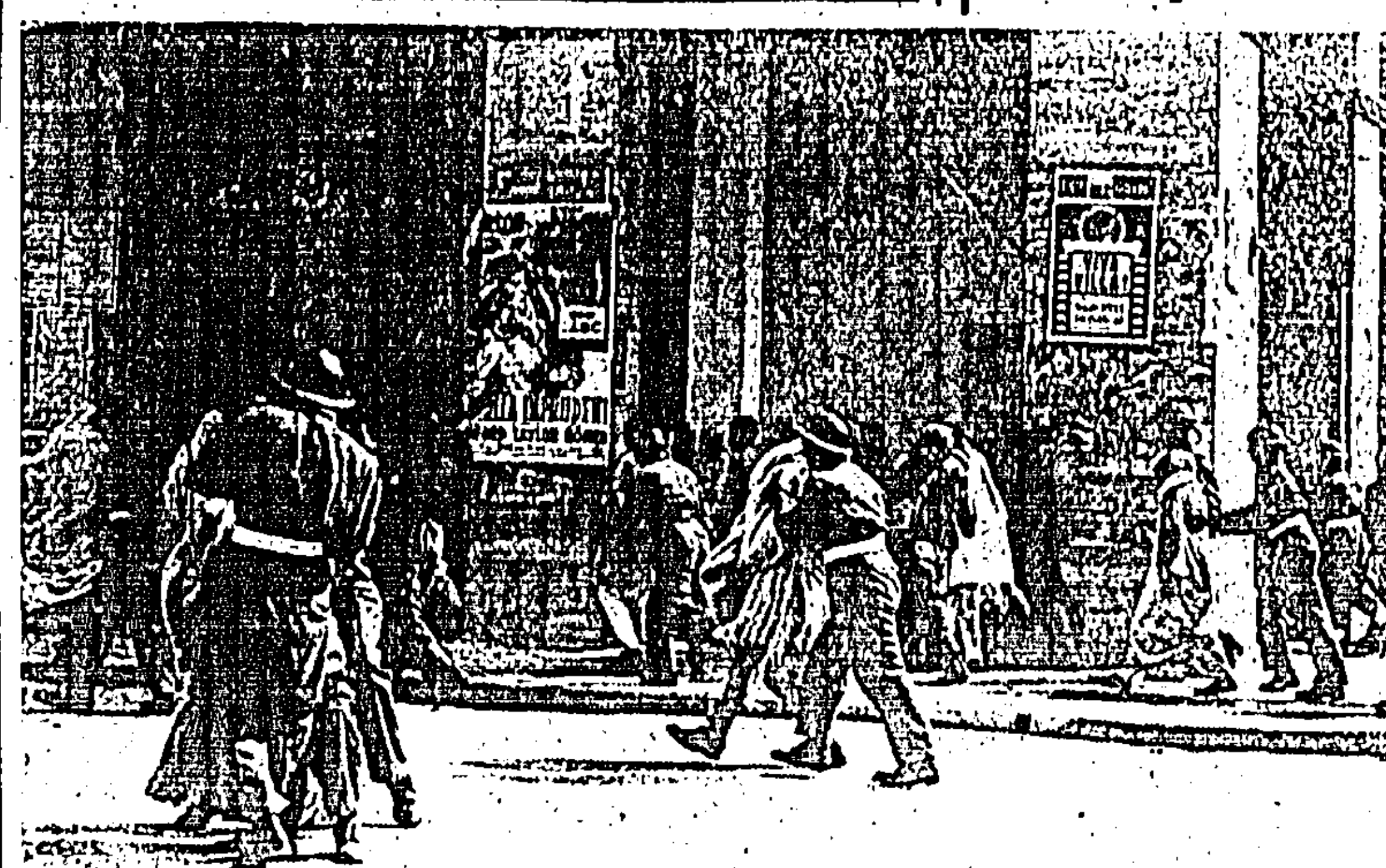
Before imposing a prison sentence without the option of a fine, Mr Wicks remarked that he could see very little in their favour.

Six of the group, comprising a student, four weavers and an unemployed youth, were each given three months. When asked to plead in mitigation, they still maintained that they had done nothing wrong.

The sixth defendant, a hawk named Lee Chuen, who complained of suffering from the effects of a recent operation and who regurgitated during most of the hearing, was given two months. The Magistrate remarked that Lee Chuen, who was almost on the point of tears when he was found guilty, appeared to be a rather pitiful object.

When arrested he told police he had intended to commit the "perfect crime." But he had been unable to resist telling some young colleagues with whom he worked, that he was the murderer about whom the whole town was talking.—Reuter.

Riots In Tripoli



Fear Of Trouble On The Egyptian 'Home Front'

Cairo, Mar. 3.

Egypt's change of Government has increased fears of trouble on the "home front," according to political observers here.

The avowed intention of the new Government under Prime Minister, Naguib Hilali Pasha is to seek to achieve Egypt's "national aspirations," the evacuation of British troops and unity of the Nile Valley, and to wage war on official corruption.

There are signs that the new Premier may be prepared to use "strong arm" methods to see that his policy is carried out. While Hilali Pasha is assured of the backing of the Liberal and Saadist parties, observers believe that his policy may bring him into open conflict with the Wafdists.

The Wafdist executive will meet this week to consider its position in the light of the change of Government.

The Moslem Brotherhood will also meet this week. Its "Supreme Guide," Maitre Hassan el Hobeiby Bey, said that his attitude to the new Government would be one of "wait and see."

The pro-Wafdist newspaper Al Gomhour Al Misri warned the new Prime Minister today against "pursuing a policy of intimidation with power that will lead to unnecessary trouble."

It called his attention to "the danger of listening to certain minority parties which have no substantial position and whose sole objective is to fish in troubled waters."—Reuter.

GAOL DISTURBANCES

Ismailia, Mar. 3.

The Egyptian Police today threatened to fire on prisoners at the Police Headquarters gallers when disturbances broke out for the second time in three days.

The prisoners, most of them terrorists and members of criminal gangs rounded up by local Police in the past few weeks, abused their food and yelled abuse at their armed guards for most of the morning.

The shouting died down soon after midday when the guards threatened to shoot.

On Saturday the prisoners wrenched wood from doors and hurled bricks at their guards to the accompaniment of anti-Government slogans.

The Police silenced them by firing a volley of rifle shots over the prison.

An officer of the Egyptian Criminal Investigation Department said today that the local Police were anxious to move the more dangerous criminals to a penal camp outside the Canal Zone as soon as possible.

The Egyptian authorities are planning a penal camp in the Sinai Desert east of Suez to which they intend to transfer prisoners arrested in the Zone during the recent anti-terrorist drive.—Reuter.

ENVOY BETTER

Cairo, Mar. 3.

The British Ambassador, Sir Ralph Stevenson, who on Saturday cancelled new Anglo-Egyptian talks because of a chill, was tonight reported to be improving.

The Ambassador is still confined to his room, a spokesman said.

Gunners Rescue Tommies

SHELL-FIRE PUTS REDS TO FLIGHT

Korea, Mar. 3.

—British gunners, firing their 25-pounder field pieces with deadly accuracy, rescued two British soldiers from capture by the Communists recently.

A Communist patrol had taken prisoner two Royal Norfolk riflemen. The patrol was forcing its prisoners towards the Communist lines when the 14th Field Regiment, Royal Artillery, laid down a barrage of exploding shells. The Communists fled. The two Norfolk soldiers raced to friendly positions unhurt.

The rescue men were Corporal Joe Ashin, aged 24, and Private Ramon Pantini, aged 19.

Ashin said: "I have found fault with the Artillery chaps during my seven years in the Army. Never again. They dropped those shells into the middle of the Communists."

He said that 20 Communists had ambushed a five-man daylight patrol cutting firewood in No-Man's-Land. Three of the Norfolks fought their way out.

Pantini was reaching from a hole to recover his rifle when a Communist stepped on it. The Communist fired his burp gun at point-blank range. "He missed," Pantini said.

The Communists then overpowered the two outnumbered riflemen.

It was Captain John K. Thompson who saw their plight from a nearby hill. The Artillery officer quickly brought his guns to the rescue.—Reuter.

More Sabotage Reported

Tunis, Mar. 3.

Minor acts of sabotage were reported today on the Tunisian east coast and Sousse, centre of recent Nationalist demonstrations against French rule in the Tunisian protectorate.

At Mahdia, two home-made bombs were thrown into a hotel, causing a small fire and broken windows.

There were no casualties.

The Tunis police today detained 103 people in a large-scale raid in the Arab quarter in search of those responsible for sabotaging a trolley-bus last Sunday.

A Tunis Military Court today sentenced 15 Tunisians to prison sentences varying from three months to five years for allegedly carrying or possessing arms.—Reuter.

Higher Fares Anger Public

London, Mar. 3.

When Londoners set out for work today they found that public transport fares had been increased by an average of 20 per cent. The new fares, introduced to meet rising costs, affected railways, buses and tramways.

All day long the employees of London Transport faced angry, complaining passengers. After one fight on a London bus, a man was taken to hospital with a bitten ear and another was questioned by the police.

Queues up to half a mile long formed outside underground stations while harassed staff explained the prices of the new fares and passengers eloquently expressed their views on the subject.

Hundreds of people were late for work.—Reuter.

AIR CRASH HORROR

Nice, Mar. 3.

Eyewitnesses tonight told how they stood wide-eyed in helpless horror, watching 37 men and women, plunge to death when the four-engined Air France Languedoc airliner hit a flock of seagulls on the take-off from the airport here.

They said that the plane lost two engines at once and lurched through the air itself like a crippled bird seeking a place to land.

Hospital doctors here tonight battled for the life of Marguerite Delpy, the only survivor of the 34 passengers.

Marguerite Delpy's husband, who had seen his wife off at Nice Airport, was still on the tarmac when he heard the explosion of the crashing plane. He rushed to the scene and found his wife lying on a stretcher with the lower part of her body badly burned. He kissed her and gave her a drink of water.—Reuter.

AGED VICTIMS

London, Mar. 3.

Among the 37 people killed in the airliner crash at Nice today were William Gill, 81, and his wife, Mrs. 81, of 84 St. Giles, London.

Gill for 45 years was a miner in South Wales and left the pits 20 years ago. They were "the way to see their son, William, a builder, who had taken a villa at Monte Carlo."

Before leaving England Gill said: "I am really rather scared about flying. We are going to see the sights and get some sunshine."—Reuter.

EDEN INDISPOSED

London, Mar. 3.

Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Minister, is confined to bed with an attack of influenza and is expected to remain in bed for some time. The Foreign Office announced today.

It was hoped that he would be able to resume his duties within a few days.—Reuter.

You start with something extra

Ask for full details of this new 12 months insured life plan. It's the only plan that gives you a bonus of £100 on completion of the 12 months.

12 MONTHS INSURED LIFE

LUCAS CAR BATTERIES

DODWELL MOTORS LIMITED
HONGKONG 3145 KOWLOON 5111

AIMING AT HYDROGEN FISSION

Detroit, Mar. 3. Perfection of the hydrogen bomb would help to release atomic energy for peaceful uses, Mr. Gordon Dean, Chairman of the American Atomic Energy Commission, said today.

"If explosive energy could be derived from the fission of hydrogen, a corresponding quantity of plutonium and uranium—used to produce the atomic bomb—would be freed to produce power," he added.

Mr. Dean told the Economic Club of Detroit: "What all this will mean in terms of bringing peace, prosperity and freedom to this tormented globe of ours I am not prepared to say. But in my view it will certainly not set us back."

Mr. Dean said that the main objectives of the present American atomic planning were to make the stockpile of fissionable materials bigger and to develop the hydrogen bomb. Also necessary were the development of better and more efficient types of weapons and methods of manufacturing them.

Mr. Dean explained that atomic reactors could be made to produce plutonium and power at the same time, though at present power could not be produced economically—and, he added, "This means that the income received from producing plutonium could be used to reduce the cost and, therefore, the price of the power."

Mr. Dean said that America intended to maintain its lead in nuclear development until there was a world agreement. "We do not welcome any arms race and we would much rather it did not exist," Mr. Dean said. "But as long as it goes on, we think it is the hope of the free world that we stay in the lead."

Referring to the peaceful uses of atomic energy, Mr. Dean said: "I would like to think that the wide use of radioisotopes will eventually lead to a significant discovery of some kind such as a definite cure of a bad disease or the discovery of a means for producing food abundantly in quantities sufficient to supply the world's growing population."

Considerable knowledge in the field of power production was also being acquired in work on two submarine atomic reactors now under way, he added.—Reuter.

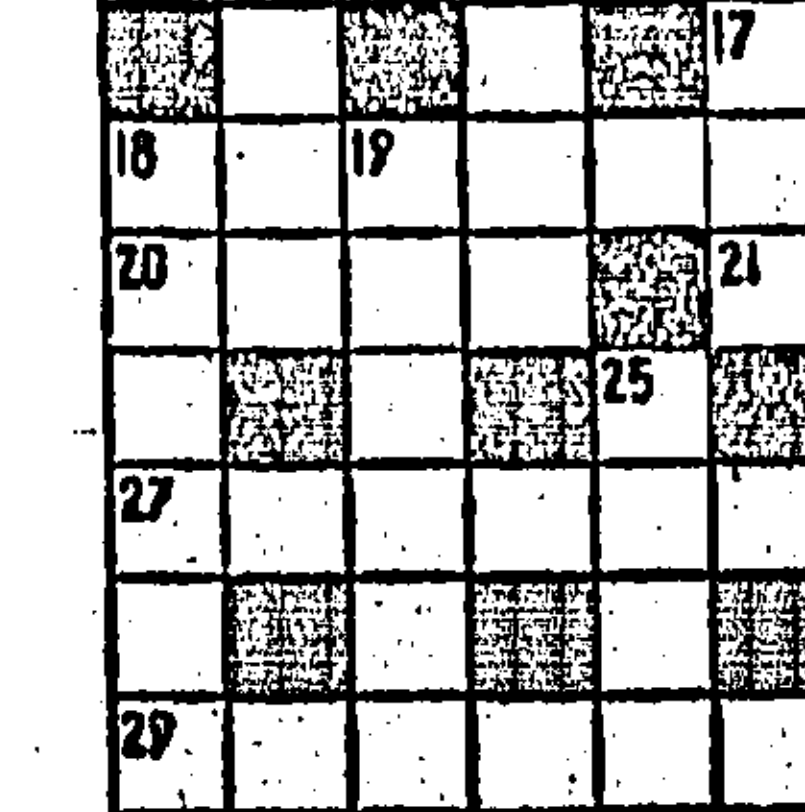
Refuse To Coal Japanese Ship

Newcastle, Australia, Mar. 3. Waterfront tally-clerks today joined coal trimmers in refusing to handle the Japanese vessel Orient Maru.

Earlier, the trimmers had refused to load the vessel with bunker coal to get it back to Japan.

The President of the Melbourne Australian Council of Trade Unions, Mr. Albert Monk, ordered the strikers to return to work. He said that the strike was unjustified and unauthorized.—United Press.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS
3 Consumer of human flesh (8).
7 Museum piece (5).
8 Harried (8).
10 Willows (6).
13 Liberate (7).
16 Garment (4).
17 Provided for financially (7).
18 Food allowances (7).
20 Medicinal plant (4).
21 Kind of silk (7).
22 Revises (6).
27 Slow mover (8).
28 Stadium (5).
29 Part of a car (8).

DOWN
1 Player (5).
2 Delicate (5).
3 Snake (5).
4 Close to (4).
5 Acquire temporarily (6).
6 Stayed (8).
9 Agree (6).
11 Part of a flower (5).
12 Wield (5).
14 Follows (6).
15 Healer (5).
16 Hirsute appendage (5).
18 Horn (6).
19 Very hot (6).
20 Doubt (5).
23 Attack (5).
24 Attempt (5).
25 Stupid (4).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1 Dumped, 5 Crawl, 10 Lovers, 11 Appal, 12 Score, 13 Ride, 14 Rains, 16 Aspects, 18 Mised, 20 Evens, 22 Clut, 23 Sower, 25 Plain, 26 Rotten, 27 Scent, 28 Edits, 30 Lessce. Down: 1 Decorate, 2 Maritime, 3 Ella, 4 Discusa, 6 Charred, 8 Repeat, 7 Staid, 14 Implies, 15 Sentence, 16 Agents, 17 Scyral, 19 Inist, 21 Valid, 24 Role.

His Posing Fee—A Cauliflower



Three girls from Hornsey School of Art find that a choice piece of cauliflower encourages a London Zoo antelope to be friendly when they want to sketch him. Feeding their "model" is Joan Drabwell. Her friends Beryl Fletcher and Ann Gray carry on sketching. — Express Service.

Climbed Tree In Snow-Shoes

Harrison, Maine, Mar. 3. Malcolm Briggs claimed today that he was the only person ever to climb a tree while wearing snow-shoes. Briggs leaped into the branches when a pain-crazed deer charged him. He stayed in the tree for three hours until a game warden, Harry Kearney, arrived and shot the deer.—United Press.

10-MINUTE ROMANCE

Rome, Mar. 3. "Toto", multi-millionaire king of Italian comedians and Hollywood starlet Franca Faldini climaxed a 10-minute romance by announcing their engagement today.

That's right, 10 minutes. "It was love at first sight," said Toto, in real life Prince Antonio De Curtis. Miss Faldini—dubbed "Miss Cheese-cake of 1951" by the US Army newspaper Stars and Stripes—nodded agreement.

"I fell in love with her when I saw her photograph with her mother and father in an Italian magazine," related Toto, whose films are Italy's top box-office draw and shown throughout South America and Europe.

Miss Faldini, who did a torrid tula in Paramount's film "At Sea With the Navy," said Toto saw the photograph and asked several of her friends to introduce him.

Asked if a wedding date had been set, Toto replied: "Oh no. It's too soon."—Associated Press.

Philippines Army Claims Successes In Huk Campaign

Manila, Mar. 3. Government forces put 695 Huk out of combat in the 31-day period from Feb. 1 to Mar. 2, the Defence Department said today as strong army units continued their pursuit of dissident units in Central and Southern Luzon.

A Defence Department spokesman gave the following details of Huk losses for that period: 199 killed, 74 wounded, 64 captured and 368 surrendered in addition to more than 1,000 firearms of various calibres being taken.

The Defence Department spokesman said, "The Secretary has given his terms. Let the Huk do the worrying."—United Press.

Churchill Queried On Atom Bases

London, Mar. 3. Mr. Eamonn Hughes (Labour, South Ayrshire) asked the Prime Minister today how far the agreement with President Truman that there should be joint consultation before American atom bombs should operate from bases in Britain applied to British bases outside Britain.

Mr. Churchill said that, as was stated in the Washington communiqué on Jan. 9, the agreement between the President and himself on this point applied to bases in the United Kingdom.

Mr. Hughes then asked, "Does he not agree that the same consideration should prevail about Cyprus, where the people are equally concerned about what an atom bomb raid might do to the people of Cyprus?"

Mr. Churchill replied, "My answer deals with that because I said that the agreement applies to bases in the United Kingdom."—France-Press.

BARTER SIGNED

Cairo, Mar. 3. Egypt and Russia today signed a barter deal to exchange 200,000 tons of Soviet wheat for 20,000 tons of Egyptian cotton. The Minister of Commerce, Industry and Supply, Salib Samy Pasha, signed for Egypt. The Commercial Counsellor of the Soviet Legation signed for Russia.—United Press.

NO FINER WHISKY GOES INTO ANY BOTTLE

H A I G

SCOTCH WHISKIES

SOLE AGENTS:—HONG KONG & SOUTH CHINA

GANDE, PRICE & Co., LTD.

ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING HONGKONG

TEL. 20136

SYNGMAN RHEE OUTLINES VIEWS ON TRUCE TALKS

Pusan, Mar. 3. President Syngman Rhee stated today that if the Chinese Reds could be forced or persuaded to get entirely out of Korea, his Government would consider this an acceptable solution.

At the same time, his outspoken scorn for the Panmunjom truce talks has led some foreign observers here to feel that an armistice—if reached—may be only an interlude between battles.

This pessimistic view receives implied support from the President of the Republic of Korea, who appears convinced that Korea cannot be unified by peaceful means.

Dr. Rhee, who will be 77 on March 26, outlined his attitude in answers today to questions from the Associated Press and in several recent public statements.

His views are important because they are accepted by millions of his people. Asked what he regarded as his nation's most pressing immediate needs, Dr. Rhee replied: Stronger armed forces and a security guarantee from the United States and other United Nations members.

Dr. Rhee said his appeals to have Korea included in America's Pacific security groupings had resulted in no favourable reply from the US State Department.

COSTLY EXPERIENCE

He had in mind an understanding similar to the security agreements recently made by the United States with Australia, New Zealand, Japan and the Philippines.

"It may be unnecessary to make any written agreement to that effect," Dr. Rhee said, "but our experience has convinced the world that to leave out Korea of its strategic value to the USA has proved rather costly both to the USA and to Korea."

Asked what he thought of the long-drawn armistice talks with the Communists, Dr. Rhee referred to his speech made on the 33rd anniversary of Korean "independence day."

In that speech, he said the truce talks "have lowered the esteem of the Democrats in the eyes of many of the peoples of the world."

He also said his country could not accept any solution short of the Yalu River—meaning all of Korea. He told a crowd of 20,000 Koreans: "We want our friends and foes alike to know that we are forced to resort to every possible means for our survival as an independent, unified, Democratic nation—even if we have to carry on the struggle alone."

THE SOLUTION

In the same vein he felt such views denoted a lack of understanding of Communism's goal. "I have seen bilateral conferences on unification fail in the past," Dr. Rhee said, "and I also have observed the same failures on the diplomatic level in the United Nations. I am sorely puzzled as to what new political and diplomatic methods will be or can be employed at this time which will be successful."

He reiterated: "Any solution short of complete unification of Korea cannot be considered as a solution at all."

If the Chinese Communist forces are either persuaded or forced to evacuate our territory, we will consider it as complete unification and will accept it as a solution."

He made evident that by "our territory" he meant all of Korea. "I am sure," he continued, "that if the UN will keep on

fighting them (the Chinese) and at the same time give them sufficient assurance that we will not attack them in their own territory, then the UN may succeed."

He believed the South Koreans themselves then could unify the country if given enough arms and training.

Turning to problems of relief and reconstruction, the President expressed thanks for contributions received, but said relief supplies should be sent directly to Korea instead of first to Japan.

In Japan, he said, they are kept in warehouses or stockpiled, causing a waste of time and expenditure.—Associated Press.

DISPUTED MEASURE UPHELD

Washington, Mar. 3. The Supreme Court today upheld by a six to three vote New York's anti-Communist teacher law.

The Act—widely known as the Feinberg law—is designed to bar subversive persons from working in the State's school system.

It was attacked by eight New York taxpayers who insisted the statute violated freedom of speech and assembly.

Justice Minton delivered the majority decision. Justices Douglas, Black and Frankfurter wrote dissenting opinions. That meant the majority was composed of Chief Justice Vinson and Justices Reed, Jackson, Burton and Clark as well as Justice Minton.

The Feinberg Law was enacted in 1949 to help enforce a State Civil Service Law passed 10 years earlier. The Civil Service Law says persons who advocate violent overthrow of the Government may not be appointed to, or stay on, State jobs.—Associated Press.

Coup Nipped In The Bud

Quito, Ecuador, Mar. 3. An official in the Presidential office said today that a subversive outbreak was discovered on Guayaquil and that several persons have been arrested.

Among them are members of the Fuerzas Armadas, whose leader is Mayor Carlos Guevara Moreno, he said.

Cristobal Cornejo, Secretary-General of the Office of President Gale Plaza Lasso, declared several sailors had been placed under arrest, but did not give the exact number of those in custody.

Guevara was accused in July 1950 of leading an attempt to overthrow the Government. He denied the charge.—Associated Press.

LEE Liberty

BY PUBLIC REQUEST!
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ONLY
4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

MOIRA SHEARER ROBERT HELPMANN LEONIDE MASSINE

The Tales of Hoffmann

Color by TECHNICOLOR

Next Change At LEE THEATRE

THRILLING ACTION OFF THE KOREAN COAST!
SUBMARINE COMMAND

WILLIAM HANCOCK WILLIAM DON HOLDEN OLSON BENDIX TAYLOR JOHN TARBON

Induced by K27-2022 Spectra, M.I. 1000
Joy of Showing by LEE THEATRE

CENTRAL

270, QUEEN'S RD. CENTRAL. PHONE 25720

2 SHOWS DAILY AT 6.30 & 9.15 P.M.

HURRY! LAST 3 DAYS

THE GREAT **SORCAR** IN PERSON

"WORLD'S GREATEST MAGICIAN"

TWICE WINNER OF THE NOBEL PRIZE OF MAGIC "THE SPHINX AWARD" FROM NEW YORK FOR THE BEST STAGE MAGIC.

B B C LONDON TELEVISION INTRODUCED AS "WORLD'S GREATEST MAGICIAN"

SORCAR cuts a lady in half on an open table—cuts a man's tongue—brings ghosts right in the audience—he disappears in the presence of everybody.

To Avoid Rush—Please Book In Advance

RATES OF ADMISSION:—\$20, \$15, \$10, \$6 & \$3.50

ORIENTAL

Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus

Special for To-day only: 2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

RETURN ENGAGEMENT BY PUBLIC REQUEST!
A Great M-G-M Musical Hit with new Song!

THE WINNER OF THE M-G-M SONG CONTEST
PAINTING THE CLOUDS WITH SUNSHINE

TECHNICOLOR
MORGAN MAYO NELSON

LUIS MORAN & Z. SAWALL
DAVID BUTLER

COMMENCING TO-MORROW "TO PLEASE A LADY"

Capitol Liberty Ray
AIR CONDITIONED

★ NEXT CHANGE ★

MONTE CRISTO LOVES AGAIN!

COLEMAN FRANKS presents
JOHN DEREK

MASK OF THE AVENGER

ANTHONY QUINN-Jody Lawrence

Color by TECHNICOLOR

H.K. Amateur Rollei Photo Contest 1952

Title: "SPRING (season)"
Date: Last day of acceptance:
15th April, 1952
Place: Asia Photo Supply Ltd.
10, ICE HOUSE ST.

H.K. ROLLEIFOTO CONTEST 1952

PRIZES

- 1st: One Rollei camera
2nd: One Rollei camera
3rd: \$ 200 Rollei accessories
10 runners-up: One silver cup each

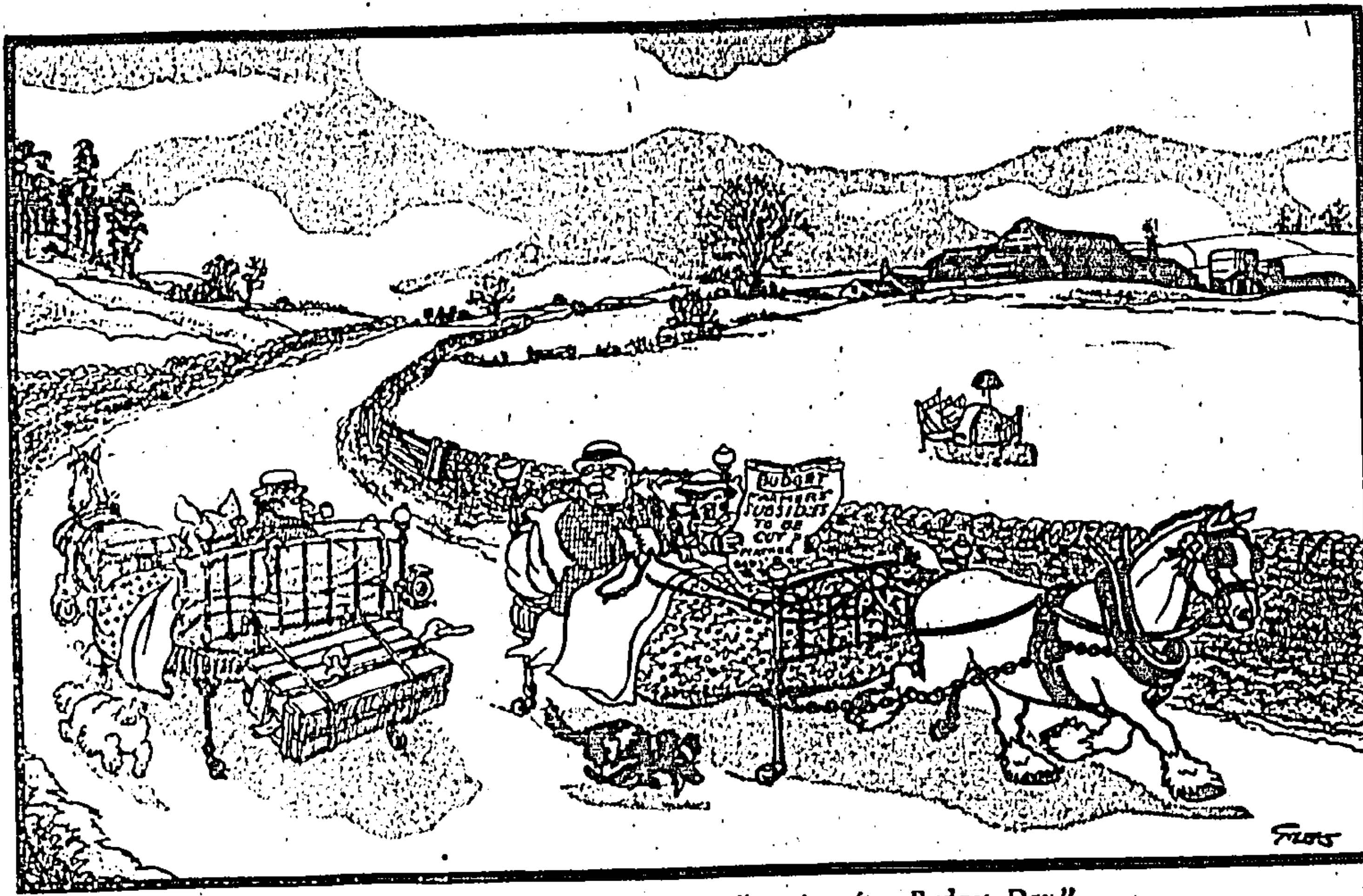


Please make
your reservations early
for 11th March



The St. John Ambulance Association and Brigade Annual Ball under the Distinguished Patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Lady Grantham, will be held on TUESDAY, 11th MARCH at THE HONG-KONG HOTEL.

You are requested to make your table reservations as soon as possible at the Reception Office Hongkong Hotel.



"Reckon we'll be learning to walk again after Budget Day."

London Express Service

Failure of Russian Farm Policy

THE Russian Government has not succeeded, on the admission of its own figures, in reaching the targets set for production of cereals. In livestock, there is a serious shortage, particularly of cattle and pigs.

The number of cattle in Soviet Russia is, for instance, 57 million compared with 71 million in 1940 and 68 million in 1938.

The Russian Government has been obliged, in order to keep up its grain exports abroad, and to feed the Soviet Army, to import grain from Hungary and food from Poland. This has caused acute shortages in both these countries.

There is little doubt that one explanation for this failure of Russian agriculture is that of direction—

technical direction both from the Central Agricultural Institutes and direction on the large State farms. The application of science and of principles of scientific management to farming pays best when new ideas are filtered through the practical work of independent farmers or peasants. There is much evidence from reports of regional Russian governments, and from radio statements, of costly mistakes and large-scale errors in Soviet agriculture.

only speculate and make deductions about the responsibility of technical direction for Russia's plight.

But of the fact that the vital human element is falling there can be no doubt. At all. The Soviet Government has now embarked on its third and most ambitious stage of abolishing the Russian peasant as such and turning him into an industrial worker.

In 1930, when the first large-scale attempt was made to abolish the kulaks, and to form collective farms, thousands of observers from the outside world witnessed the huge destruction of livestock and the sabotage of machinery and crops which took place everywhere. Some of the destruction was committed by young Communists to punish

landed from livestock and fields. Obviously the new Russian conception of agriculture does away completely with the personal relationship of man to the animals he tends or the fields he cultivates. Animals and land become mere raw materials.

The collectivised system may survive if the Police State survives, but its survival will be at the expense of the land and livestock of Russia.

WHY has the Russian State, a State in which peasants are a huge majority of the population, embarked on this attempt to industrialise agriculture? One of the most important reasons is no doubt that the Russian Government, faced during the past ten years with the huge task of industrialising Russia, had to change many of its peasants into industrial workers. Hence the emphasis on mechanising farming and carrying it out in large-scale units which demanded the least labour.

But the whole concept of industrialising agriculture is carried to its exaggerated length because of the mistrust which the Soviet Government has felt, from the beginning, for the peasant.

The Communist Revolution and the first Communist Government was essentially an urban revolution and an urban government. As Communism grew strong, it realised that the independent peasant producer, the largest element in the population, was still critical and hostile. So the State decided to industrialise its peasant and bring him under control. This is the dominant motive of Communist agricultural policy.

By EDWARD ASHCROFT

well-known journalist and radio broadcaster. Mr Ashcroft has resided in a number of European countries and has made a long study of their political problems. He has given particular attention to the question of land reform. He is a frequent contributor to leading London periodicals: The Spectator, The Listener, etc.

Let me mention a more amusing mistake. An important Russian expert has been officially reproved and sacked from his post for using penicillin on pigs in the State farms of the Ukraine and for providing some breeds of pigs with booties to counteract lameness.

The expert may have been right or wrong. The point is that under the Russian bureaucratic system he conducted his experiments on an immense scale. In Denmark, or in England, he would have had to experiment on a small scale; and critical but keen independent producers would have watched the results.

During the past six years, with the Soviet Union isolated from the rest of the world, a new and more ferocious drive to industrialise the peasant has taken place.

The Soviet plan is to abolish any difference between town and country life, between working in a factory and on a farm. Many of the new State wheat farms or the State breeding farms, which have taken the place of many collective farms, have attached to them what are known as "kolkhozes". The peasants live in these towns in flats, and they, their wives and children eat in canteens. Experts on the State farms direct farm workers as minutely and as exactly as they direct workers in a modern factory.

This conception of an independent agriculture is the result of believing that large-scale agriculture is the most efficient, and it is also a logical result of Stalinist theory. It is, of course, the very opposite of the idea of the land for those who cultivate it.

All farming experience in all parts of the world tends to show that human experience, skill and understanding are required if the best results are to be obtained.

Students Find A Welcome

By VAUGHAN JONES

THEY called it the East-West Friendship Council when it was founded thirty years ago, because nearly all the lonely young students who came to it seeking friends in a strange country had left homes east of Suez.

It was a small body then, started by a number of Christian organisations, anxious to give visitors from far away a friendly welcome in Britain.

Today, the Council, preserving its old name, lists as members nearly 700 young men and girls from all over the world.

The West Indies, West and East Africa, Pakistan, India, Burma, Malaya and the East Indies—they are all represented. Neatly card-indexed, names and addresses are filed in an unpretentious grey-fronted house in London's Bloomsbury area. The Friendship Council's headquarters near London University. Patrons of the Council are the High Commissioner for India, the High Commissioner for Pakistan and the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

President is Sir George Schuster, K.C.S.I., K.C.M.G.

And, recognising the help it gives colonial students, the Colonial Office makes £400 a year to supplement the private subscriptions which finance its work, and sends along the names of new arrivals from overseas with whom it is in contact.

Its fundamental aim, as described by the Council itself, is "to try to introduce students to British families which are prepared to offer the sort of hospitality which they would like their own sons and daughters to receive in a foreign land."

Membership fee is five shillings yearly in London, half that in the provinces.

On its books are the names of five hundred British hosts

who have announced themselves ready to welcome the visitors from the colonies and elsewhere into their homes.

But this is not the Friendship Council's only task.

The Council, and its branches throughout England, organise parties, socials and sightseeing outings at cheap prices. Sometimes it is planned that students are entertained by local mayors, shown something of the civic and social life of Britain's provincial towns, and introduced to other youth organisations.

Again, arrangements are made for groups to visit the Continent, where they are met and entertained by students and youth organisations.

The Slogan

In brief, the slogan is: the young overseas visitor need not feel lonely when he comes to England.

To this end, the Friendship Council works closely with the Victoria League and the British Council in establishing those vital first contacts with the aim of bringing friendship and warmth to new arrivals.

However, the Council is able to make immediate contact with less than half of the Colonial and Eastern students on their arrival. These are the "sponsored" students who arrive under the auspices of their own governments, and whose names and addresses are notified to the Colonial Office.

The remainder, who step unheralded off planes and ships, are often difficult to track by their own well-wishers.

Meanwhile latest report of the Council reveals that there are now 11,058 of these young men and girls Colonial students in Britain, including 4,733 from the colonies.

Of the Colonial students 1,448 are scholarship holders and 3,285 are private students; 2,003 are from West Africa; 1,114 from West Indies; 571 from East Africa; 497 from East; 300 from the Mediterranean; 242 from Mauritius and other possessions.

Their Courses

Among 32 subjects listed, largest numbers are: nursing 816; medicine 720; law 600; engineering 407; arts 205; science 203; teachers' training 104; dentistry 113; accountancy 70; economics 70; agriculture 65; architecture 60; commerce 54.

Of the 6,325 Eastern students 2,700 are from India; 738 from Egypt; 700 from Pakistan; 500 from Iran, the remainder from other Middle East, African and Far East countries.

More than fifty percent of the total are studying in London, the others in provincial universities and technical centres.

And, it is noted by the Council, many of its former members have become prominent in their own lands.

For example, in Nigeria's first Cabinet, four of its members are "old boys." They are Mr. A. C. Nwapa and Mr. Okot Arikpo, both Central Ministers, and Mr. S. O. Igbojoro and Mr. A. M. A. Akintoye, Regional Ministers for the West.

POCKET CARTOON by OSBERT LANCASTER



"Surely, darling, there's not such a shortage of up-to-date, contemporary crises that they have to start staging revivals?"

THE FIELD IS SET FOR A BIG TANK 'TUSSLE'

By ANDREW WILSON

London. BEFORE the year ends there will be a big tank battle-on-paper in Europe.

ON ONE SIDE will be America with a vast motor industry capable of switching to tank production without creating export worries.

ON THE OTHER, Britain with smaller resources but a tradition for designing the finest tanks in the world. The fight will be for orders to supply new tanks to 15 or more armoured divisions—French, Italian, Belgian, Dutch and Norwegian—wanted by General Eisenhower. Its result will decide the prosperity of thousands of British workers.

Latest Monster

To win it America will bring across the latest monster of her rearmament programme: the heavy T43. It has a 120mm. gun and is reckoned a match for Russia's Stalin tank.

Then Britain will weigh in with the 5-ton Centurion, mechanically and tactically the best medium tank ever built—and the new 60-70-ton "super-tank" now on prototype tests in the Midlands and one in the South. There is no reason why Britain should not win.

European tank experts are already prejudiced in favour of British tanks. They saw British Cromwells—runners of the Centurion—forging into Germany in 1945. They saw American Shermans do the same—but with terrible casualties.

In World War II the roads of Europe were littered with Shermans, crippled by toy 37mm. anti-tank guns (because the Americans' motor industry equipped them in tractor-fashion with vulnerable front-end gear-boxes).

Land mines could split them and burn them (because their plates were bolted instead of welded).

out-fight and out-maneuvre the German Tigers and Panthers. All that European tank experts were to know is that Britain, which has never broken up her research organisation, can now deliver in quantity. She can.

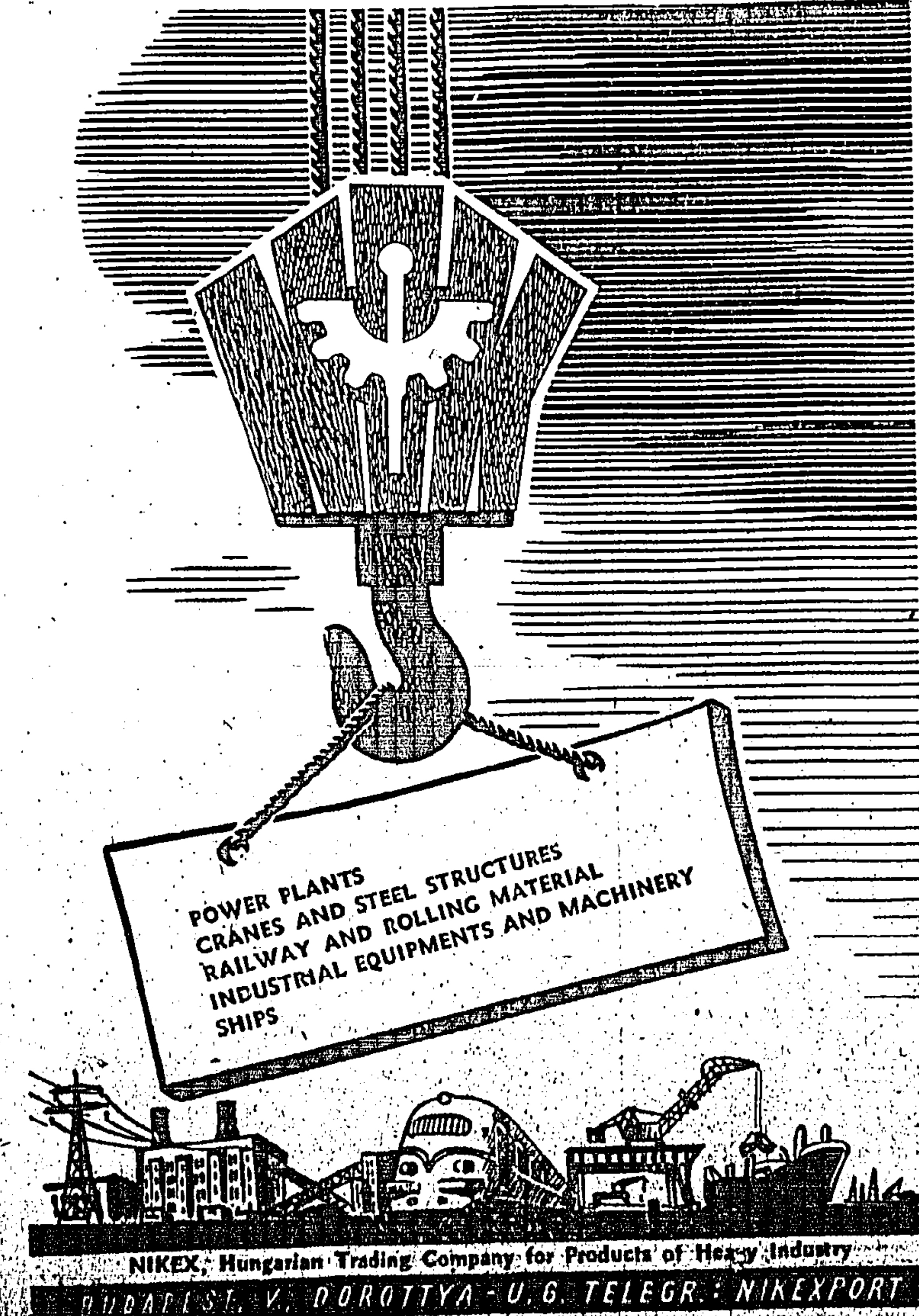
Decisions made recently should mean that Britain, which last year produced enough Centurions to equip three armoured divisions, will in the next 18 months be able to equip about nine divisions.

Labour Factor

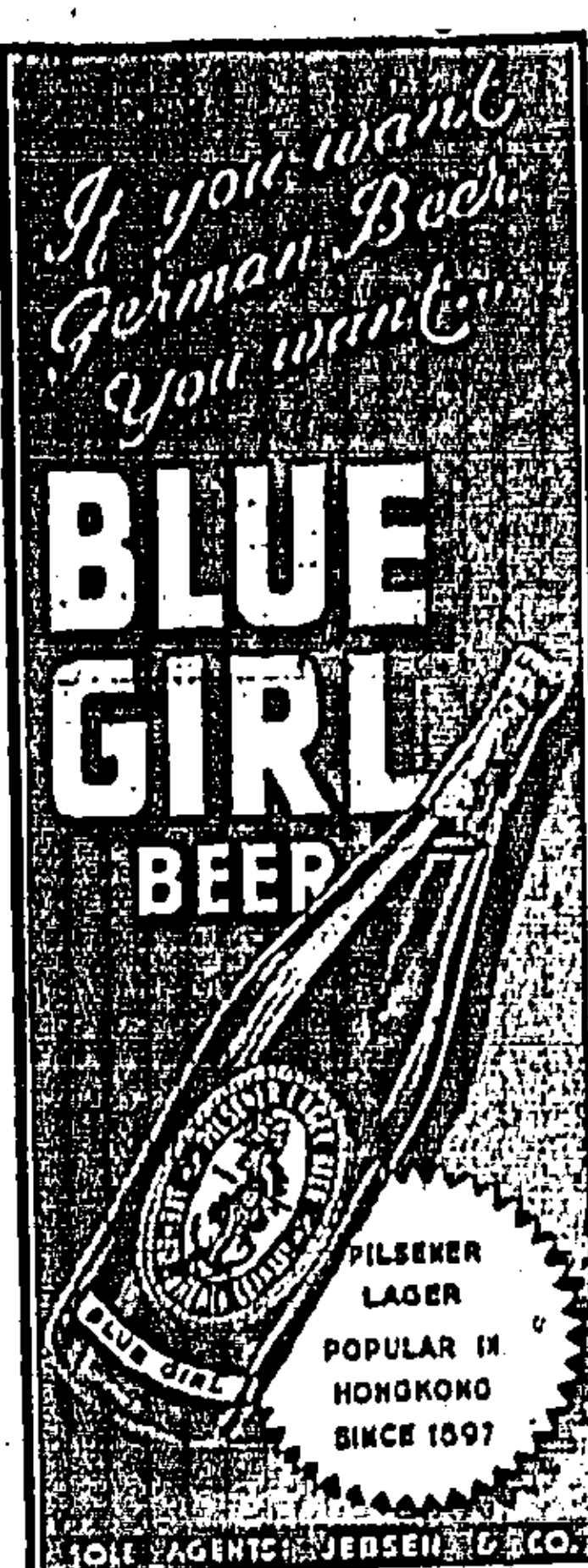
Whether yet more will be forthcoming will depend on the willingness of union officials to extend the "dilution agreement" to bring in more semi-skilled workers. For labour, not steel or machinery is the big limiting factor in our tank production.

If the unions refuse, fearing the loss of their own bread and butter tomorrow, they may kill the chance of European, and even American, orders, which would in fact keep them in prosperity for years.

They will certainly keep Allied tank-soldiers, looking across the Iron Curtain at Russia's 28,000 front-line tank force, with less than the best.



NIKEX, Hungarian Trading Company for Products of Heavy Industry
BUDAPEST, V. DOROTYA - U.G. TELEGR. NIKEXPORT



PRESS PHOTOGRAPHS

Copies of photographs taken by the South China Morning Post, South China Sunday Post-Herald, and China Mail Staff Photographers are on view in the Morning Post Building.

ORDERS BOOKED

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB FIFTH RACE MEETING

Saturday 1st & Sunday 8th March, 1952
(Held under the Rules of the Hong Kong Jockey Club)

The First Race will be run at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race will be run at 2.00 p.m. each day.
There are 9 races on the 1st Day and 9 races on the 2nd Day (18 in all).
Through Tickets for the 2nd Day, 8th March, 1952, (at \$18.00 each) may be obtained at the Comptroller's Office of the Club, 1st Floor, Telephone House, and tickets for the Club Sweep on the last race of the Meeting as well as tickets on the 'Hong Kong Derby' scheduled to be run on 31st May 1952.
To avoid congestion at the Club's Office at Telephone House, non-members are requested to purchase their sweep tickets at the Club's Branch Office at:
5 D'Aguiar Street, Hong Kong
or
382 Nathan Road, Kowloon

TOTALISATOR

The attention of Totalisator Investors is drawn to the following rules:

Dividends will be paid on the winning and placed ponies as declared by the Stewards when the "All Clear" is given. The "All Clear" signal will be indicated by a white light and/or white sphere at the Totalisator Tower. BACKBIS ARE ADVISED NOT TO DESTROY OR THROW AWAY THEIR TICKETS UNTIL AFTER THE "ALL CLEAR" SIGNAL HAS BEEN EXHIBITED.

Totalisator Tickets should be examined and checked before leaving the Selling Counters as mistakes of any description cannot be rectified later.

Cash received in respect of Dividends should be checked before leaving the Pay-Out Counters as no claim for short payment of the value of tickets presented can be entertained once investors have left the Counters.

All winning tickets and tickets for refunds must be presented for payment at the Race Course on the day to which they refer, but none will be paid later than one hour after the time for which the last race of the day has been scheduled to be run.

In no circumstances will any Dividends be paid or refunds made unless a ticket is produced. Payment WILL NOT be made on torn or disfigured tickets.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting ladies not in possession of Brooches or Season tickets and gentlemen, non-members of the Club, to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10.00 per day including tax, for ladies or gentlemen are obtainable at the Club's Secretary at Telephone House, on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all bills, etc.

Only a limited number of badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will be on sale at the Race Course.

The Branch Offices and the Treasurers' Comptroller Office will close at 11.00 a.m. on both days. The Secretary's Office will close at 11.45 a.m. each day. The Treasurers' Comptroller Office and the Secretary's Office are situated at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Bay (Tel. 27118).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3.00 each day including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MEN, ETC., WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' employ.

Owing to the congestion in the Members' Betting Hall and at Booths adjacent to Boxes in the Coffee Room, Box-holders and Members are requested to ensure that their servants make use only of the Public Betting Hall. Military Police will be posted at various points in the enclosure to ensure that this regulation is adhered to.

By Order,
H. MIBA,
Secretary.

INTER-SCHOOL RECORDS SHOULD BE PROPERLY PUNCTURED THIS YEAR

By "RECORDER"

Over the past fortnight there has been an athletic meet somewhere in the Colony practically every day of the week and the same situation will continue to exist for the next fortnight at least.

All the results are not yet to hand, though all have been promised, but it is daily becoming more difficult for the unimproving athlete to remain in the Colony's 10 best in his event.

The various school sports have shown a particularly high standard and Services athletes are finding it difficult to maintain their places in the ranking lists as more and more schoolboys creep into the sprints, middle distance, jumping and hurdling lists.

Queen's College seem to have their best team in years, though it is improbable that any school will present a serious challenge to La Salle at the Inter-School Sports later this month.

With sprinters like Stephen Xavier and Eddie Loureiro, a middle distance runner like Lo Wing-chuen, a hurdler like George Thum, La Salle haven't much to worry about except the fact that they are presented with the strongest competition ever.

Wah Yau is strong in the sprints, hurdles and jumps and should cut into La Salle's score there. Queen's has balance, the best schoolboy long jumper in the Colony in Ng Ming-sum and the best 1,500 Metres runner in Chan Chi-kwan.

For the more important Colony Open Championships in April, Army has yet to show its true strength. The Army units have yet to hold their Championships, but a clearer picture will emerge from the Army Individual Championships later this month.

Best performances by Colony athletes in January, February and March follow:

100 YARDS
Stephen Xavier (La Salle) 10.2
Norman Lo (University) 10.3
Cheung Yau-hung (SCAA) 10.4
L. C. Dyer (Army) 10.5
Shek Ka-lin (SCAA) 10.6
L. T. Shelly (Milecarians) 10.7
Fung Kuei-lee (Wah Yan) 10.8

100 METRES
Stephen Xavier (La Salle) 11.0
L. C. Dyer (Army) 11.1
L. C. Daniels (Army) 11.2
Fung Kuei-lee (Wah Yan) 11.3
Nolan Wong (St. Stephen's) 11.4
F. G. D. J. Norris (Milecarians) 11.5
Yee Yee Yung (Wah Yan) 11.6
Tommy Liu (Wah Yan) 11.7
Lo Wah-chin (Kowloon City) 11.8

200 METRES
Stephen Xavier (La Salle) 22.8
Shek Ka-lin (SCAA) 23.0
Norman Lo (University) 24.0
L. C. Dyer (Army) 24.1
Yee Yee Yung (Wah Yan) 24.2
Fung Kuei-lee (Wah Yan) 24.3
L. T. Shelly (Milecarians) 24.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 24.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 24.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 24.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 24.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 24.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25.0

400 METRES
Norman Lo (University) 52.7
L. C. Dyer (Army) 52.8
Toys Braga (La Salle) 52.9
Fung Kuei-lee (Wah Yan) 53.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.1
Gerhard Wagner (University) 53.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 53.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 54.0

800 METRES
Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Army) 2:05.7
L. C. Dyer (Army) 2:05.8
Toys Braga (La Salle) 2:05.9
Fung Kuei-lee (Wah Yan) 2:06.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.1
Gerhard Wagner (University) 2:06.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:06.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 2:07.0

1,500 METRES
L. C. Dyer (Army) 4:31.9
Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Army) 4:32.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:32.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:33.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 4:34.0

3,000 METRES
Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Army) 9:08.0
L. C. Dyer (Army) 9:08.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:08.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:09.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 9:10.0

ONE MILE
Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Army) 14:38.0
L. C. Dyer (Army) 14:38.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:38.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:39.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 14:40.0

THREE MILES
Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Army) 43:52.0
L. C. Dyer (Army) 43:52.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:52.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:53.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 43:54.0

5,000 METRES
Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Army) 1:05:05.0
L. C. Dyer (Army) 1:05:05.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:05.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:06.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:05:07.0

110 METRES HURDLES
L. C. Dyer (Army) 1:10.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:10.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:11.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 1:12.0

400 METRES HURDLES
L. C. Dyer (Army) 6:30.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:30.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:31.9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 6:32.0

HIGH JUMP
Ling Sam (Wah Yan) 5:7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:10
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:11
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:12
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:13
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:14
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:15
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:16
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:17
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:18
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:19
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:20
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:21
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:22
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:23
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:24
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:25
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:26
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:27
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:28
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:29
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 5:30

POLE VAULT
Yee T. W. (Wah Yan) 10:0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 10:9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 11:9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 12:0

LONG JUMP
Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Army) 21:2
L. C. Dyer (Army) 21:3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 21:4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 21:5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 21:6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 21:7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 21:8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 21:9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 22:9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 23:0

SHOT PUT
Chan Wah-chin (SCAA) 25:0
L. C. Dyer (Army) 25:1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 25:9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:0
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:1
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:2
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:3
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:4
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:5
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:6
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:7
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:8
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 26:9
Sgt. Seale (RASC) 27:0

ON THE RECORD Riot Didn't Stop Hongkong's "Mile Of The Century"

There may have been a riot going on in the near vicinity of the Boundary Street athletic ground on Saturday afternoon, but that did not stop Hongkong's Mile of the Century, which came off when least expected and involved two complete unknowns in addition to Peter West and Joe McMahon.

The first man involved was Cln. Frank Taylor of REME and the fourth, whose name is unknown, is believed to be from the Royal Ulster Rifles. Only McMahon broke the existing Colony record, but the fourth man, whose identity we do not know as yet, came in well under 4 minutes 40 seconds.

The first three were unofficially timed as follows—Sgt. J. P. McMahon (Royal Signals) 4 minutes 38.8 seconds, S/Sgt. Peter West (Royal Engineers) 4 minutes 41.3 seconds and Cln. Frank Taylor (REME) 4 minutes 44.3 seconds.

Peter West was the pace-maker with the Royal Ulster Rifles runner lying second at 4 minutes 41.3 seconds. The third, a man named Taylor, was not far behind. Joe McMahon, according to Peter, ran a beautifully judged race and was the victor.

Frank Taylor and the Fourth Man are definitely discoveries and another fast mile is promised at the Land Forces Championships with another great race in store at the Colony Championships.

The record broken was the one of 4 minutes 41.3 seconds set by Lt. Borwick in winning the Land Forces' Championship last year, but it will not be an official Colony record as there was only one watch on it, though another unofficial one caught McMahon in 4:39.

Yesterday it happened for the second time within a week that a Colony record was broken and there was only one watch on it. At the Small Units meet at Sookunpo, Peter West ran Three Miles in 15 minutes 18.2 seconds to beat his Colony record by 13 seconds.

There were three watches on Norman Lo's record-breaking Quarter Mile in 53 seconds at Sookunpo last month, but there was no Hongkong Amateur Track and Field Association time-keeper present, so it also cannot stand as a Colony record.

As I understand it, the HKAF will, on application, provide its three time-keepers at any meet where a Colony record is threatened. However, an application must be made.

Captain Norman Phillips returned to athletics at Sookunpo yesterday and managed, at 42, to finish fourth in the Mile and third in the Three Miles. At 39 he had managed one of the fastest 1,500 Metres runs in the Colony's history and also ran a half-mile at the University sports in under 2:12, finishing second to Ng Yuen-fok.

It was a grand performance yesterday and justified the old saying that life begins at 40. He was the first HKAF athlete to finish in either race and found himself the owner of another trophy after having led in the HKAF 100 Metres race in the Mile time race, the other three runners from the unit finishing sixth, seventh and eighth in a field of 20. He was either just below or just above five minutes for the Mile.

Second yesterday in both races was Frank Taylor of REME, a runner with a future and very little past experience. He was, back in 'Blighy', a cyclist.

There were quite a number of good performances in the field events at the Small Units meet. In among them the triple jump by S/Sgt. Wilson of the Royal Engineers, who won the Long Jump at 20 feet 9 1/2 inches, the Shot Put at 40 feet 11 inches and the Discus Throw at 81 feet 9 1/2 inches.

Second and third place at the last Colony Championships went at 4 feet 2 inches, so there is, apparently, more than the normal amount of spring in the present year's crop of 18 to 19-year-olds.

The King George V School junior girls came quite determined to make it their year in Hongkong athletics. At their High Jump final last week there wasn't one entrant in the event who didn't clear 4 feet 1 inch and six went over 4 feet 2 inches.

Second and third place at the last Colony Championships went at 4 feet 2 inches, so there is, apparently, more than the normal amount of spring in the present year's crop of 18 to 19-year-olds.

The Seniors had up to last week accomplished nothing of note except for Valerie Elliot's record-breaking performance in the High Jump and Helena Graham-Cumming in the Shot Put.

That great warrior, Hilary Hale, jumped into the pits last week, however, with a leap of 14 feet 7 inches in the qualifying round of the Senior Girls' Long Jump, the third best long jump ever by a KGV girl.

Hilary, however, is not the proudest member of the Hale clan at the moment. Her younger sister, Beryl, has just become Secretary of either the KGVs Third or Fourth Hockey XI (which is the Third XI will be decided in the Ladies' Junior Hockey League, starting this week).

Results of the Geo. Younger Snooker League matches played last night were:
Hale's 1st Team "A" 3 KGV 1st Team "A" 3
Hale's 2nd Team "A" 3 KGV 2nd Team "A" 3
Hale's 3rd Team "A" 3 KGV 3rd Team "A" 3
Hale's 4th Team "A" 3 KGV 4th Team "A" 3
Hale's 5th Team "A" 3 KGV 5th Team "A" 3
Hale's 6th Team "A" 3 KGV 6th Team "A" 3
Hale's 7th Team "A" 3 KGV 7th Team "A" 3
Hale's 8th Team "A" 3 KGV 8th Team "A" 3
Hale's 9th Team "A" 3 KGV 9th Team "A" 3
Hale's 10th Team "A" 3 KGV 10th Team "A" 3

Two Matches A Week For League Hockey Teams From Now On

This week the hockey programme was again marred by a large number of last minute cancellations, this time owing to the disturbances in Kowloon. This season it is going to be very difficult to finish the fixture list in time and teams are going to have to play two fixtures weekly if the League is going to complete its programme at all.

In both divisions of the men's League, teams have still to complete between four and eight matches, and postponements are only going to be allowed in the most exceptional circumstances.

Hockey this season has been labouring under considerable difficulties as early in the season all the service teams were forbidden to play on Sunday mornings and as most of the grounds are also used for cricket, and were already allotted for that purpose at other times, this has made the playing off of fixtures a trifle awkward.

This problem of shortage of grounds is receiving sympathetic treatment from the authorities concerned and it looks very much as if it will not recur again next year. However for the rest of this season it looks as if the fixture secretary and the umpires are going to be kept pretty busy.

No matches were played in the First Division of the Men's League though University conceded a walk over to Recreo "A" owing to pressure of examinations.

In the Second Division the needle match between Army "B" and Argonauts "B" was also postponed, as was the YMCA v Dutch HC game. In the other matches there were no upsets and in the only game which appeared to be well-matched the much-improved Nau Jawa team had no trouble in coping with the HKAF to the tune of 5-1.

For the Nau Jawa team the Khan brothers, with their clever stickwork, were outstanding and in a couple of years with more experience they are going to make their mark in local hockey.

The Auxiliary Air Force also went down, as expected, to Nav Bharat and it looks very much as if with only one point to their credit so far they will end up at the extreme of the wrong end of the League, but they are a game lot and they might well beat Apes in their return match.

The Apes are also an improved side and though they went down 8-0 against Army "B" on Saturday, this is not too bad a showing against the formidable Army combination.

Nomads, with one man short, were no match for Recreo "B" and despite the heroic efforts of their goalkeeper they succumbed 6-1.

However, St Paul's, one of the three founder members of the Inter-School Sports organisation, were quite a force in the Inter-School athletics in the 1930s, being three times Champions, and the School's records are as impressive as those of any other in the Colony.

One of the best of these records—and one that has escaped my researches to date—is a Long Jump of 21 feet 11 1/2 inches accomplished by Yung Ki-long in 1932.

This is, to my knowledge, the longest jump ever by a Hongkong schoolboy, being a half-inch better than the Inter-School record set by Ong Cheng-su of the Diocesan Boys' School in 1934.

Other good St Paul's records are the 23.3 seconds for 100 Metres by Chu Ping-hang in 1931, the 54 seconds for 400 Metres by Chan King-chor in 1931 and the Shot Put of 38 feet 4 inches by Kan Man-chuen in 1935.

The King George V School junior girls came quite determined to make it their year in Hongkong athletics. At their High Jump final last week there wasn't one entrant in the event who didn't clear 4 feet 1 inch and six went over 4 feet 2 inches.

TRIPLE WINTER GAMES CHAMPION



Hjalmar Andersen of Norway (centre), with Carl Eric Asplund of Sweden (left) and Kees Broekman of Holland (right), the 1st, 3rd and 2nd in the 10,000 metres speed skating event of the Winter Olympics at the Bislett Stadium, Oslo, after the presentation.

Andersen won the 1,000, 5,000 and 10,000 metres speed skating crowns. — Express Photo.

Colony Junior Badminton Championships Open With Some Good Games

By "ARGONAUT"

The 1951-1952 Colony Open Junior Badminton Championships opened yesterday at Craigengower Cricket Club with a promise of better things to come.

For opening rounds, play yesterday was of a fairly high standard. The Schoolboys' events in particular brought into view some promising youngsters who, though still lacking in strokes, showed that they had a very good idea of the tactical moves of the game.

In the opening Schoolboys' Doubles match, the intra-school affair between two King George V School pairs resulted in a straight set win for J. Marshall and J. Shroff over M. Robertson and S. Sisson. Marshall and Shroff won 15-7 and 15-10.

The ability to hit harder gave the winners the advantage. Robertson put across some good smashes but was inclined to overhit. The Schoolboys' Singles saw John So of King's College playing like a veteran to overcome K. Hussain of Ellis Kadoorie by 15-4 in the first set.

In the second set, Hussain rallied back strongly and was actually leading by 8-1, only to be overhauled at 10-10 and eventually lost the set by 15-10.

The other Schoolboys' Singles match between Ng Lee-ho of St. Paul's and Ng Ching-keok of Wah Yan was played at top speed.

The St. Paul's boy won the first set comfortably by 15-3, with more accurate placement shots and powerful hitting to the base.

The Wah Yan boy, however, came back strongly in the second set, after being 4-10 down and, finding his length, scored eight points in a row before losing the set by 15-15.

MAIN ATTRACTION

The main attraction of the evening, the Junior Singles encounter between the two Kowloon Tong players, Jimmy Koo and Jimmy Yap, went to the full distance of three sets and lasted 53 minutes.

Both players displayed a wide repertoire of strokes, and both utilised their powerful smashes as point-winners.

Yap possessed a better drop shot, but was weaker than his

opponent on the backhand and his lack of staying power gave Koo a decisive advantage. Koo led 4-11 and 10-3 in the first set, but Yap fought back at this stage and with good drop shots and side-line smashes caught up to 8-10 and 10-12. Another spurt put Yap into a 14-12 lead.

Although Koo forced the set to deuce at 14-14 Yap succeeded in his final bid to close to set at 17-15.

The effort he made in the first set began to tell on Yap in the second set, which he sacrificed for 15-0, after Koo had built a substantial 7-0 lead on his first service and 12-0 on his second service.

Yap made a final stand at the opening of the third game when he forced Koo to 3-3 but fell off after that as Koo went ahead to 7-3, 11-5 and win the set 15-6.

ANOTHER GOOD ONE

The other Men's Singles match of the evening between Wong Kai-cheung of Craigengower and Willie Lee of University produced another good match of a high order.

Both players displayed excellent court coverage and footwork, with Wong excelling in retrieving. Lee relied more on his smashes and Wong on his drop and net shots to bring them the points.

The first set opened with a ding-dong duel up to 3-3. Wong reeled off five points in a row and maintained his lead at 10-7, 13-8 to annex the set by 15-10.

The second set saw them both neck to neck at 5-5, and then 8-8, before Wong broke

loose with his drops to forge ahead to 9-6 and 13-6. Lee added two more points before the match ended in favour of Wong by 15-10 and 15-8.

TODAY'S GAMES

6.30 p.m.: Schoolboys' Doubles—Andrew Chen and Lo Wing-cheung v Chow Po-leung and Fung Wing.

6.45 p.m.: Schoolboys' Singles—Che Wai-kin v Chan Keen-ning.

7.00 p.m.: Schoolboys' Doubles—Lieu Chun-van and Lo Chee-ming v Wong Shiu-kyong and John So.

7.30 p.m.: Junior Men's Doubles—B. el Arculli and H. Y. Hui v C. M. Quinn and T. E. Rodrigues.

8.00 p.m.: Junior Men's Singles—H. F. Tai v F. V. Yap.

8.30 p.m.: Junior Men's Doubles—Hui Kwan and Ko Wai-bong v M. T. Lam and W. N. Cheung.

9.00 p.m.: Junior Men's Singles—E. M. Ribeiro v K. Y. Tso.

9.30 p.m.: Junior Ladies' Singles—Miss S. Correa v Mrs. G. Sequeira.

THE RESULTS

Following were the results: Schoolboys' Doubles—J. Marshall and J. Shroff beat M. Robertson and S. Sisson 15-7, 15-10. Seldon Ma and Peter Lim beat Chau Sun-lam and Wong Kwok-wai (walkover). Schoolboys' Singles—John So beat K. Hussain, 15-4, 15-10. Ng Lee-ho beat Na Ching-keok, 15-3, 15-12. Junior Men's Singles—Wong Kai-cheung beat Willie Lee, 15-10, 15-8. K. Hussain beat J. Yap, 15-7, 15-6. S. Sisson beat E. M. Ribeiro, 15-6, 15-8. Wong Yan and S. P. Ng beat J. Komerov Jr. and E. Rozario, 15-7, 15-10. Junior Mixed Doubles—Miss B. Remedios and A. J. Herdina beat Mrs. H.C. Lau and B.K.L. Lui, 15-7, 15-6.

Wales Will Have To Find Better Backs For The Final This Sunday

Says "HANLINCODE"

The local Rugger Internationals played off on Saturday afternoon resulted in Wales defeating the Internationals by 9 points to 6 and England defeating Scotland by 12 points to 9. This brings an England versus Wales final next Sunday.

Both games were played off at the Army ground, Sookunne, in brilliant sunshine, on a bonehard pitch and with a breeze blowing down the field. There was an excellent crowd present and one noted that the Welsh supporters were out in force and on Saturday was St. David's Day, most of them had brought along their leeks, of which some were of gigantic proportions.

The Internationals, fielding a very different team to the published one, did not look as though they had much of a chance against their stronger opponents, however rugger is not, and never will be, a cut and dried game. It is full of surprises and this was nearly one of them. The Rebels opened with a dash and in the first half did all the forcing.

For the Rebels, the forwards were definitely a match for the Taffes and of these Bailey, Mitchell and Thomas stood out, most especially in the lineouts. In the back division, Disdale and Blackdown played well and Friend was never found wanting.

GIANT THROUGHOUT

In the Welsh XV, J. Thomas was the giant throughout the game and was ably backed by Evans and Deacock. In the rear, the T. and V. O. Roberts combination played well and so

did Mynott at outside half. It is a great pity that the other three did not seem to develop at all. This threw the Welshmen right out of gear and nearly cost them the game.

For the Rebels, Blackburn and Friend scored and with the teams tied at six points in the last few minutes of the game, Jack Thomas earned his countrymen's gratitude by putting over a penalty kick for Wales and so winning the match. Wales will have to try and find some better backs for next Sunday if they wish to make any impression on England.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

On paper the result was very obvious, but on the ground it certainly didn't look that way. While actually one didn't get the impression that England would lose, one did get the feeling that the portridge boys were out to win it at all possible and that they were asking no quarter in any department of the game.

After what was a very thrilling first game the crowd settled down to see England give an exhibition of how it should be done. But in a very few minutes it was pretty obvious that something had gone wrong with the Englishmen and that there were fifteen very determined Scots.

To single out any one player from the Scots' splendid XV would be an injustice to the others but it must be noted that Campbell rectified his defensive errors of previous weeks and really played a fine game, in defence as well as attack.

For the England team, Turville played a good sound game as an inside forward, Arnold and Baume, Mr. H.M.G. Forsgate was the first game Ref. and in the second Mr. George Mills controlled what could have been a very difficult game, very efficiently.

England's Team For Calcutta Cup Match

The England Rugby Union team to meet Scotland in the Calcutta Cup at Murrayfield on March 15 will be the same as that selected for the game with Ireland last month, which was postponed because of national mourning.

None of the England back division selected played in the corresponding game last year, but six of the pack appear again—Holmes, Evans, Stirling, Wilkins, Kendall-Carpenter and White.

The only new cap is J. P. Collins, the Camberne full-back.

The team is: J. P. Collins; C. E. Winn, B. Boobyer, A. E. Agar, J. E. Woodward, N.M. Hall (captain), P.W. Sykes, W. Holmes, E. Evans, R.V. Stirling, J.R.C. Matthews, D.T. Wilkins, D.F. White, J.M.K. Kendall-Carpenter and A.O. Lewis—Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

RUGBY LEAGUE CUP DRAW

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

The matches are to be played on March 15. — Reuter.

The draw for the third round of the Rugby League Cup made to-day resulted as follows: Leigh v Leeds; Featherstone Town v Wigan; Whitehaven v Barrow; Workington Town v St. Helens v Warrington.

What's best in Kowloon?



MELBOURNE HOTEL

2-12, Mody Rd. Tel. 59168.

MELBOURNE APARTMENTS 65-67, Kimberley Rd. Tel. 59195.

HOLLYWOOD BEAUTY PARLOUR SATISFACTORY SERVICE Telephone 59249 for APPOINTMENT 14, Cameron Road &

16, Carnarvon Road, KOWLOON.

New Shipment—new-styles SUN-GLASSES from U.S.A. & Britain

PETER OPTICAL CO. Optician. 266A, Nathan Road, (Opposite Shamrock Hotel) Tel. 56346.

RED LION INN -15, Hankow Rd., 1st Floor Opposite Star Theatre

Try our FRIED SPRING CHICKEN (Whole) \$4.50 Only Special offer this week.

CHUN WAH CO. HIGH CLASS LEATHER WARE MANUFACTURER Superior Quality Tel: 50214

Wholesale & Retail 41D, Peking Road, 40B, Hankow Road, KOWLOON.

YEUNG KWONG RADIO CO. 182 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

"AMBASSADOR" Radios Popular Records Electrical Accessories All Radio Repairs

It Adds More Elegance, a Dash of Chic, to Your Wardrobe—whether it be Your Dresses, Coats, Suits or Cowns. . . . Just Exactly the Way you would have liked your "Old Bond Street Tailor" do it.

MAYAI LADIES TAILOR 5A, Granville Road, Kowloon.

ORIGINAL ZORIC METHOD UNTIL RECEIVED NO HANGERS AVAILABLE. YOURS ACCEPTED AND RETURNED WITH ORDER.

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO. Call 58266 for Collections and Deliveries

Nine Months' Gaol For Trying To Bribe Soccer Players

Glasgow, Scotland, Mar. 3. A Glasgow baker was sentenced to nine months in gaol today after being convicted of trying to bribe two Scottish League soccer players.

Joseph McCudden, 34, was found guilty in Glasgow High Court by a jury of nine women and six men after a three-day trial.

He was convicted of offering £250 to Simon Watdie of the Queen of the South team and £200 to Willie Telfer of the St. Mirren Club. Telfer is a member of the Scottish Football League. He was found innocent of a charge of offering £250 to John Lynch, St. Mirren's goalkeeper.

Lord Russell, Chief Justice of the Court, declared such offences "could paralyse the spirit of professional football."

He added that he was dealing leniently with McCudden because "this is the first time that in the realm of sport, corruption has come before the High Court. I want to say for the public benefit that any future cases coming before the Court will be much more severely dealt with."

McCudden was arrested three months ago, shortly after the St. Mirren Club announced £250 bribe and Lynch had reported attempted bribery.—Associated Press.

ANNUAL DINNER POSTPONED The annual dinner of the Hongkong Football Referees' Association due to take place on Thursday, March 6 at the China Fleet Club has been unavoidably postponed. The new date will be announced later. The normal monthly meeting of the association will take place on Tuesday, March 11, in the office of the Football Association at 8.30 p.m.

THE S.A.F.E. way to Europe! ATHENS ROME GENEVA HAMBURG STAVANGER OSLO Via THE MIDDLE EAST INDIA & BANGKOK

DEPARTURE HONGKONG EVERY FRIDAY Bookings Accepted for all Europe. Every second flight in conjunction with C.P.A. BRAATHENS S.A.F.E. AIRTRANSPORT A/S Agents: WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

The Leading Restaurant & Bakery in the Colony Your Lovely Easter Eggs have already been made. Please call at CHANTECLER BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY 172-176 Nathan Road, Kowloon, Tel. 50352.

WITHIN THE REACH OF EVERYONE'S POCKET "YARD-O-LED" PROPELLING PENCILS BRITISH MADE IN SILVER PLATE, SOLID SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD OBTAINABLE AT

G. M. Arthur & Co. THE JEWELLERS 40, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Tel. 57513.

Chun Wah Co. HIGH CLASS LEATHER WARE MANUFACTURER Superior Quality Tel: 50214

Wholesale & Retail 41D, Peking Road, 40B, Hankow Road, KOWLOON.

YEUNG KWONG RADIO CO. 182 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

"AMBASSADOR" Radios Popular Records Electrical Accessories All Radio Repairs

It Adds More Elegance, a Dash of Chic, to Your Wardrobe—whether it be Your Dresses, Coats, Suits or Cowns. . . . Just Exactly the Way you would have liked your "Old Bond Street Tailor" do it.

MAYAI LADIES TAILOR 5A, Granville Road, Kowloon.

ORIGINAL ZORIC METHOD UNTIL RECEIVED NO HANGERS AVAILABLE. YOURS ACCEPTED AND RETURNED WITH ORDER.

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO. Call 58266 for Collections and Deliveries

Nine Months' Gaol For Trying To Bribe Soccer Players

Glasgow, Scotland, Mar. 3. A Glasgow baker was sentenced to nine months in gaol today after being convicted of trying to bribe two Scottish League soccer players.

Joseph McCudden, 34, was found guilty in Glasgow High Court by a jury of nine women and six men after a three-day trial.

He was convicted of offering £250 to Simon Watdie of the Queen of the South team and £200 to Willie Telfer of the St. Mirren Club. Telfer is a member of the Scottish Football League. He was found innocent of a charge of offering £250 to John Lynch, St. Mirren's goalkeeper.

Lord Russell, Chief Justice of the Court, declared such offences "could paralyse the spirit of professional football."

He added that he was dealing leniently with McCudden because "this is the first time that in the realm of sport, corruption has come before the High Court. I want to say for the public benefit that any future cases coming before the Court will be much more severely dealt with."

McCudden was arrested three months ago, shortly after the St. Mirren Club announced £250 bribe and Lynch had reported attempted bribery.—Associated Press.

ANNUAL DINNER POSTPONED The annual dinner of the Hongkong Football Referees' Association due to take place on Thursday, March 6 at the China Fleet Club has been unavoidably postponed. The new date will be announced later. The normal monthly meeting of the association will take place on Tuesday, March 11, in the office of the Football Association at 8.30 p.m.

THE S.A.F.E. way to Europe! ATHENS ROME GENEVA HAMBURG STAVANGER OSLO Via THE MIDDLE EAST INDIA & BANGKOK

DEPARTURE HONGKONG EVERY FRIDAY Bookings Accepted for all Europe. Every second flight in conjunction with C.P.A. BRAATHENS S.A.F.E. AIRTRANSPORT A/S Agents: WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building Tel. 50041-5.

WALLEM & COMPANY LTD. Hongkong &

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO			
"FENGNING"	Miri, Labuan & Sibn	5 p.m.	4th Mar.
"KONTUM"	Haiphong	5 p.m.	4th Mar.
"SIANGSI"	Singapore & Penang	5 p.m.	4th Mar.
"SIANGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m.	5th Mar.
"SIANGYANG"	Tientsin	10 a.m.	10th Mar.
"SIANGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m.	12th Mar.
"SIANGYANG"	Singapore & Penang	10 a.m.	13th Mar.
"SIANGKING"	Djakarta, Cheribon, Semarang, Sourabaya		
"SIANGYANG"	& Macassar	10 a.m.	13th Mar.
"SIANGKING"	Bangkok	10 a.m.	14th Mar.
"SIANGYANG"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m.	15th Mar.

ARRIVALS FROM

"SIANGYANG"	Tientsin	5th Mar.
"SIANGKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 10th Mar.
"SIANGYANG"	Moji	10th Mar.
"SIANGKING"	Zohu	11th Mar.
"SIANGYANG"	Bangkok	12/13th Mar.
"SIANGKING"	Yokohama	14th Mar.
"SIANGYANG"	Bangkok	14th Mar.

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD., JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO

"TAIPING"	Kure, Kobe, Yokohama & Nagoya	8 a.m.	5th Mar.
"TAIYUAN"	Manila & Sydney	Noon	11th Mar.
"CHANGSHA"	Sydney & Melbourne (for passengers only)		
"TAIPING"	Sydney & Melbourne	20th Mar.	

ARRIVALS FROM

"TAIPING"	Australia & Manila	In Port	
"TAIYUAN"	Kure	9th Mar.	
"TAIPING"	Nagoya	23rd Mar.	
"CHANGSHA"	Yokohama	25th Mar.	

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said

"PELUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	7th Mar.
"CLYTONUS"	Genoa, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg via Manila	22nd Mar.
"ANCHISES"	Dublin & Liverpool	20th Mar.
"PATROCLUS"	Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	6th Apr.

Scheduled sailings from Europe

Ship	From	Arrives Hong Kong
G. "ANCHISES"	Liverpool	11th Mar.
S. "CLYTONUS"	do	11th Mar.
G. "PATROCLUS"	do	17th Mar.
S. "ASTYANAX"	do	24th Mar.
S. "AEneas"	do	1st Apr.
G. "ASCANIUS"	5th Mar.	9th Apr.
S. "PERSEUS"	12th Mar.	16th Mar.
S. "AGAPENOR"	18th Mar.	24th Apr.
G. "CALCHAS"	25th Mar.	30th Apr.

G. Loading Glasgow before Liverpool.
S. Loading Swansea before Liverpool.
Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING via MANILA FROM
U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS
"DONA NATI" 16th Mar.
"ANDAMAN" 5th Apr.

Eastern Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (on return)
HK/Bangkok/Singapore (DC-4)	8.00 a.m. Mon. Thurs. 8.45 a.m. Tues. Fri.	
HK/Manila/Hatphong (DC-3)	10.00 a.m. Tues. 2.15 a.m. Wed.	
HK/Singapore (DC-4)	12.00 Noon Tues. 4.15 p.m. Wed.	
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo (DC-3)	6.30 a.m. Thurs. Fri. 3.45 p.m. Wed. Sat.	

All the above subject to Alteration without notice.
For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., LTD. (CHINA) LTD.
Branch Office: 50, Connaught Road West, Tel: 25675, 32144, 24878



ARRIVALS

SHIPS	FROM	DUE
"DENVENUE"	Japan	In Port
"DENATTOW"	U.K. via Singapore	18th Mar.
"BENAVON"	U.K. via Singapore	30th Mar.
"BENAVON"	Japan	31st Mar.
"BENAVON"	U.K. via Singapore	18th Apr.
"BENAVON"	Japan	24th Apr.
"BENAVON"	U.K. via Singapore	25th Apr.

SAILINGS

SHIPS	TO	DEPARTS
"DENVENUE"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin & Hull	Buoy A-2
"DENATTOW"	Avenmouth, London & Hamburg	21st Mar.
"BENAVON"	Direct to Singapore, thence Liverpool, Glasgow, Dublin & Hull	31st Mar.
"BENAVON"	Kure, Yokohama & Kobe	5th Apr.
"BENAVON"	Avenmouth, Liverpool, Glasgow & Antwerp	22nd Apr.
"BENAVON"	Direct to Singapore, thence Havre, London & Hamburg	24th Apr.
"BENAVON"	Kure, Yokohama & Kobe	26th Apr.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., LTD. (CHINA) LTD.
Agents: 50, Connaught Road West, Tel: 25675, 32144, 24878

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG

PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS)

Price, 20 cents per copy. Saturdays 30 cents.

Subscription: \$5.00 per month. Postage: China and Macao \$1.00 per month, U.K. & British Possessions and other countries \$3.00 per month.

News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, Chinese Communications and advertisements to the Secretary. Telephone: 2611 (5 Lines).

Kowloon Office: Salisbury Road, Telephone: 3263.

Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00 for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY

10 cents PER WORD OVER 20

Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS 10% EXTRA

If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

FOUND

LADIES THROUGH LOST Kowloon Post Office. Apply Secretary "S. C. M. Post."

FOR SALE

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE PEN-CILS. 11B and B \$2 per gross, \$2 per dozen. \$2 each on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS of cargo exported from Hong Kong and South China, compiled by the Surveyors, \$15 from the "S. C. M. Post."

H.K. GOVERNMENT Import and Export Licence and Declaration Form on sale at South China Morning Post Ltd., Wyndham Street and Salisbury Road, Kowloon.

THE "POST" TYPHON MAP incorporating amendments to the local and Non-Local Storm Signal Codes. Mounted \$5.00. Unmounted \$3.00. Obtainable from "S. C. M. Post."

THE "Handy Jotter." A better quality notebook, pad \$1 from the "S. C. M. Post."

WILL FORMS. Power of Attorney Forms, Tenancy Agreement Forms on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

NOTICE

THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Notice To Shareholders

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fifty-ninth Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Company's Office, 4th Floor, P. & O. Building, on Thursday, the 6th day of March 1952, at 11 a.m. for the purpose of receiving and considering the Reports of the Directors and of the Auditors and the Profit and Loss Account and the Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December 1951, and for the election of Directors and the appointment of Auditors.

The Register of Transfers of the Company will be closed from Monday, the 25th of February to Thursday, the 6th of March 1952, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board, GIBB, LIVINGSTON & COMPANY, LIMITED. Agents.

Hongkong 8th Feb., 1952.

NOTICE

HONG KONG CLUB

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 104th Yearly General Meeting of the Members of the Hong Kong Club will be held at the Club House on Tuesday, 25th March, 1952, at 5.30 p.m.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the same place and on the same day at 6 p.m. or so soon afterwards as the Ordinary General Meeting shall be concluded an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Club will be held.

By Order of the Committee, K. W. Kirby, Secretary.

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Proposal to change a Ship's name

We, China Shipping Co., Ltd. of 7, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, hereby give notice that in consequence of the present name being undesirable to the Owners, we have applied to the Minister of Transport, under Section 47 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the Motorship "KOLA" of HONG KONG REGISTRY Official Number 147654 Gross tonnage 1637.66 tons Register tonnage 729.22 tons, heretofore owned by China Shipping Co., Ltd., for permission to change her name to "SAN ERNESTO" and to have her registered in the new name at the Port of HONG KONG as owned by China Shipping Co., Ltd.

Any objection to the proposed change of name must be sent to the REGISTRAR OF SHIPPING at HONG KONG within SEVEN days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at HONG KONG the 1st day of March, 1952.

CHINA SHIPPING CO., LTD.

C. NISSEN, Director.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

"S. TAIPING" arrived 2nd March, 1952

Damaged cargo on this vessel will be surveyed by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf at 10.00 a.m. on Thursday 6th March and Friday 7th March, 1952, and consignees representatives are requested to be present during survey.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE. Agents, Australian-Oriental Line Ltd. China Navigation Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, 29th February, 1952.

CLOSER RELATIONS ADVOCATED

Washington, Mar. 4. The Speaker of the Philippine House of Representatives today called for closer Philippine-American relations "for our mutual benefit and peace in the Pacific."

Eugenio Perez noted the immigration of 50 between the two countries and told a reporter, "It should be wide open for the right elements."

Mr. Perez declared there would be no third world war if the United States continues to help other free nations. The Philippines could and would co-operate with Japan in the future "if the Japanese adopt an honest attitude toward us, allowing us to be rid of our suspicions of them."

The Japanese peace treaty is now before the Philippine Senate, Mr. Perez said there would be much discussion of this pact there and he declined to forecast the Senate's action on it.

"That will depend on the Japanese attitude on reparations now under discussion between the two countries," he said.—Associated Press.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER LLOYD TRISTINO

"S. CABOTO"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co's godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 6th March, 1952.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Office in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the steamer's godown, and all claims remaining undelivered after the 7th March, 1952, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 14th March, 1952, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents

Hongkong, 29th February, 1952.

P&O B.I.E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves London	Arrives Hongkong
"CORFU"	7th February	10th March
"CANTON"	6th March	7th April
"CARTHAGE"	2nd April	4th May
"CHUSAN"	6th April	5th May

Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.

Homewards

Leaves Hongkong	Due London
"CORFU"	14th March
"CANTON"	11th April
"CHUSAN"	8th May
"CARTHAGE"	9th May

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden & London.

FREIGHT SERVICE

Outwards	Leaves Hongkong	From
"SURAT"	3rd April	London & Continent
Homewards	Leaves Hongkong	For London & Continent
"SOCOTRA"	14th March	

Accepting cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam, with liberty to call at Bombay if inducement offers.

Tanks available for carriage of oil in Bulk. Space for refrigerated cargo. Limited passenger accommodation.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

"SIRDHANA"	due 7th March	from Calcutta, Hongkong, Penang & Singapore
"WARORA"	sails 11th March	for Japan
	due 17th March	from Chittagong, Akyab, Rangoon, Penang & Spore
"SANTHA"	sails 18th March	for Japan
	due 27th March	from Calcutta, Madras, Penang & Singapore

(These vessels have refrigerated cargo space)

P. & O. B. I. JOINT SERVICE

"URLANA"	due 10th Mar.	from Japan
	sails 20th Mar.	for Singapore, Colombo, Bombay & Karachi
"PEMBA"	due 20th Mar.	from Karachi, Colombo & Spore
	sails 21st Mar.	for Japan

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

"NELLORE"	sails 6th March	for Port Moresby, Sydney & Melbourne
-----------	-----------------	--------------------------------------

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route & the route & sailing are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Telephone Nos. 27721-4

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

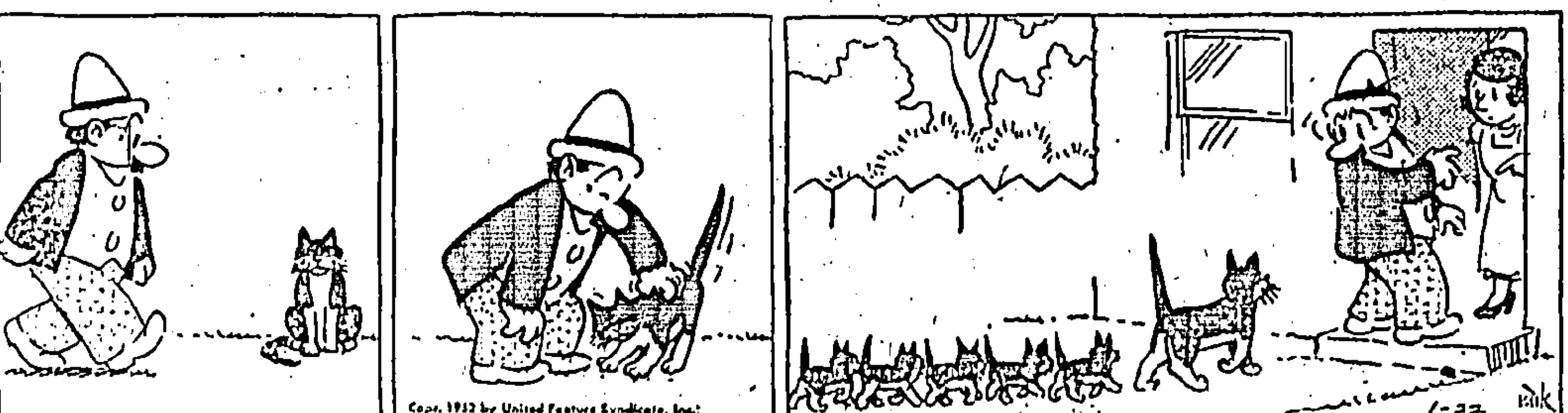
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

There's Good News Tonight

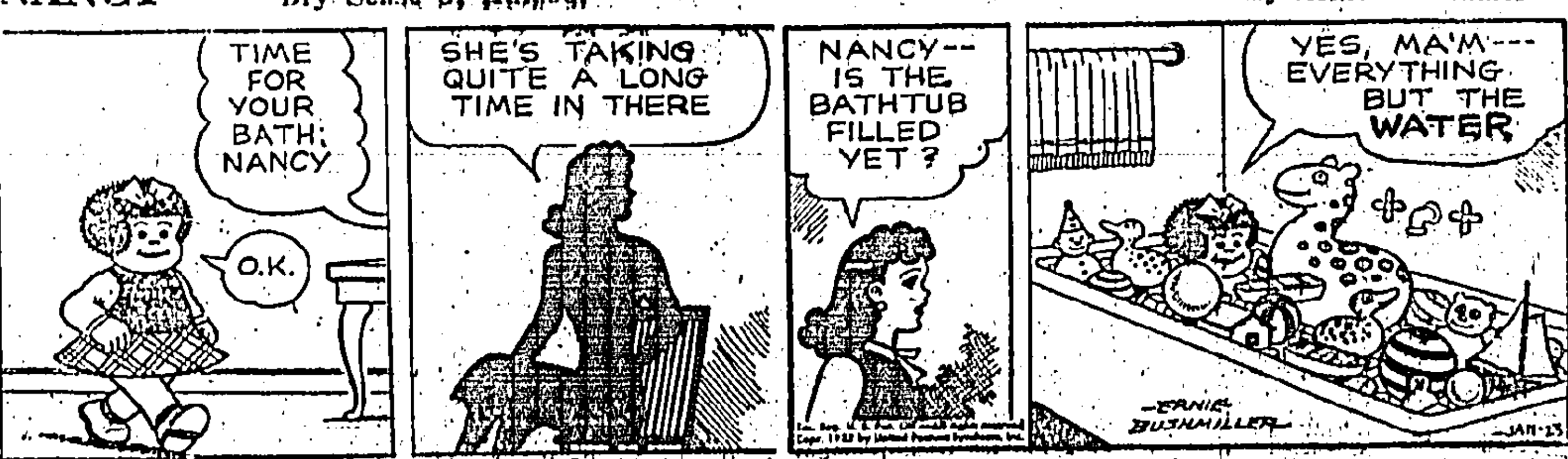
By Mik



NANCY

Dry Sense Of Humour

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



Remarks By Casey Queried

London, Mar. 3. The Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, was asked in the House of Commons today if he could make any comment on remarks by Mr. Richard Casey, Australian Minister for External Affairs, on Feb. 22 about the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

A Labour Member, Mr. Richard Adams, quoted Mr. Casey as saying that a number of Commonwealth countries were not fully informed of arrangements made with NATO.

Mr. Churchill replied, "I should have thought the United Kingdom in its position as a member both of NATO and the Commonwealth is in a unique position as interpreter of one to another."

Mr. Adams had earlier asked what consultations had taken place with other members of the Commonwealth on Britain's commitments in the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.

Mr. Churchill replied, "The other Commonwealth countries are kept informed of the defence commitments of the United Kingdom and are consulted whenever such commitments are likely to be concerned with them. Canada, of course, is a member of NATO."

Mr. Patrick Gordon-Walker, Commonwealth Relations Secretary in the Anglo-Labour Government, said that the real problem was how to give countries like Australia and New Zealand some say in the planning of NATO.

Mr. Churchill replied that the Secretary for Commonwealth Relations (Lord Ismay) was in charge of the duties of keeping the various Commonwealth countries fully informed of all matters and of making the general movements of the British Commonwealth and nations proceed harmoniously.—Reuter.



ON SALE IN SHOPS THAT SELL THE BEST

[illegible]